

EECS 240

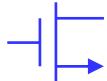
Analog Integrated Circuits

Topic 10: Folded Cascode OTA

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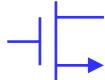
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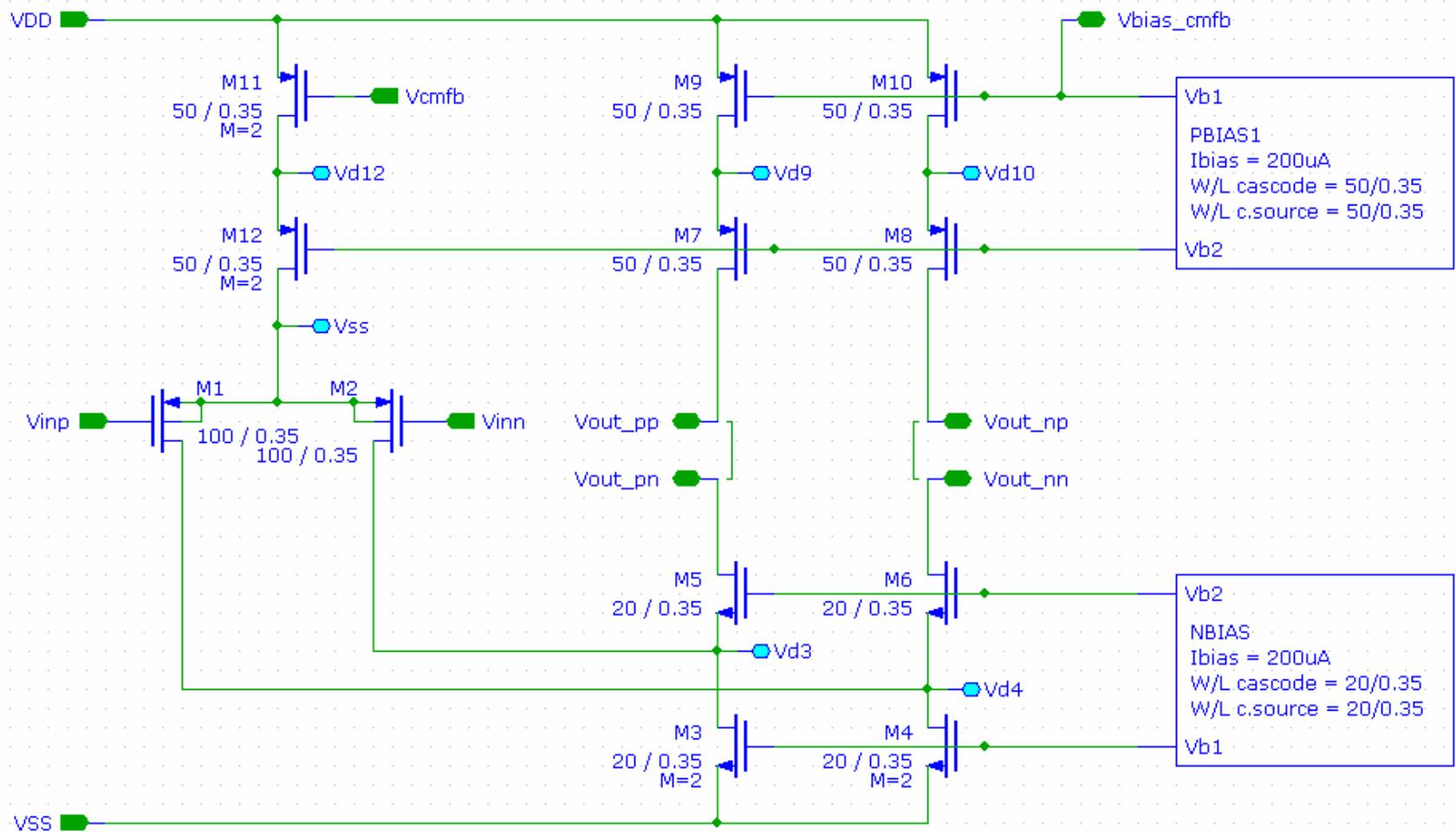


Folded Cascode

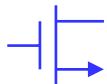
- Good general purpose single-stage OTA
- Analysis
 - Bias
 - Gain
 - Input capacitance
 - Frequency response
 - Feedback, stability
 - Settling time
 - Noise
 - Common-Mode Feedback
- Design
 - Specifications
 - Circuit parameters



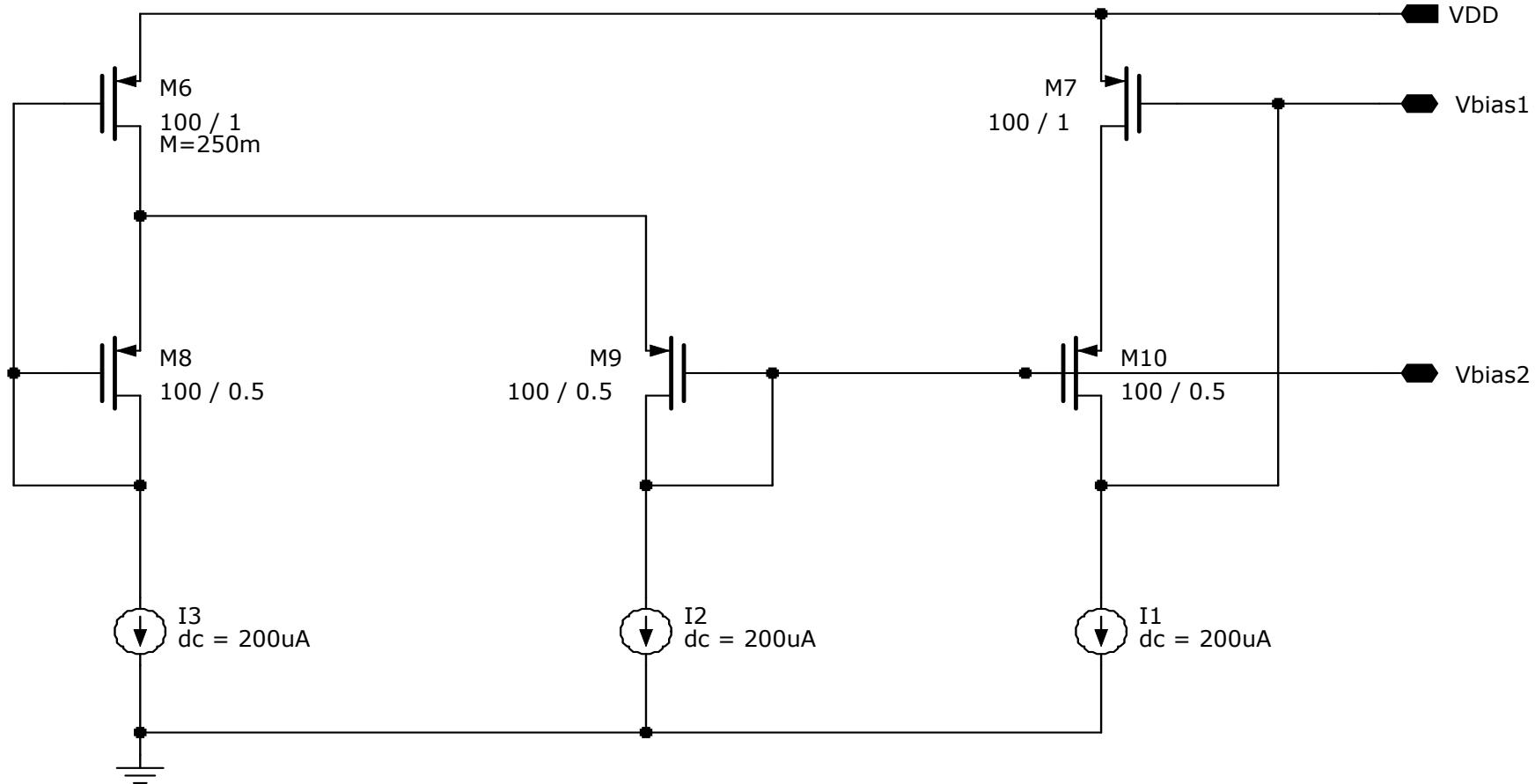
Schematic



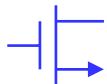
Many more transistors, but overall characteristics very similar to common-source stage.



Bias Subcircuit



For device sizes on page 7.



DC Gain, Bias

Folded Cascode: Open-Loop Gain

$I_{SS} = 400\mu A$

$(W/L)_1 = 100/0.35$

$(W/L)_3 = 20/0.35$

$(W/L)_5 = 20/0.35$

$(W/L)_7 = 50/0.35$

$(W/L)_9 = 50/0.35$

DC Analysis DC_Adm

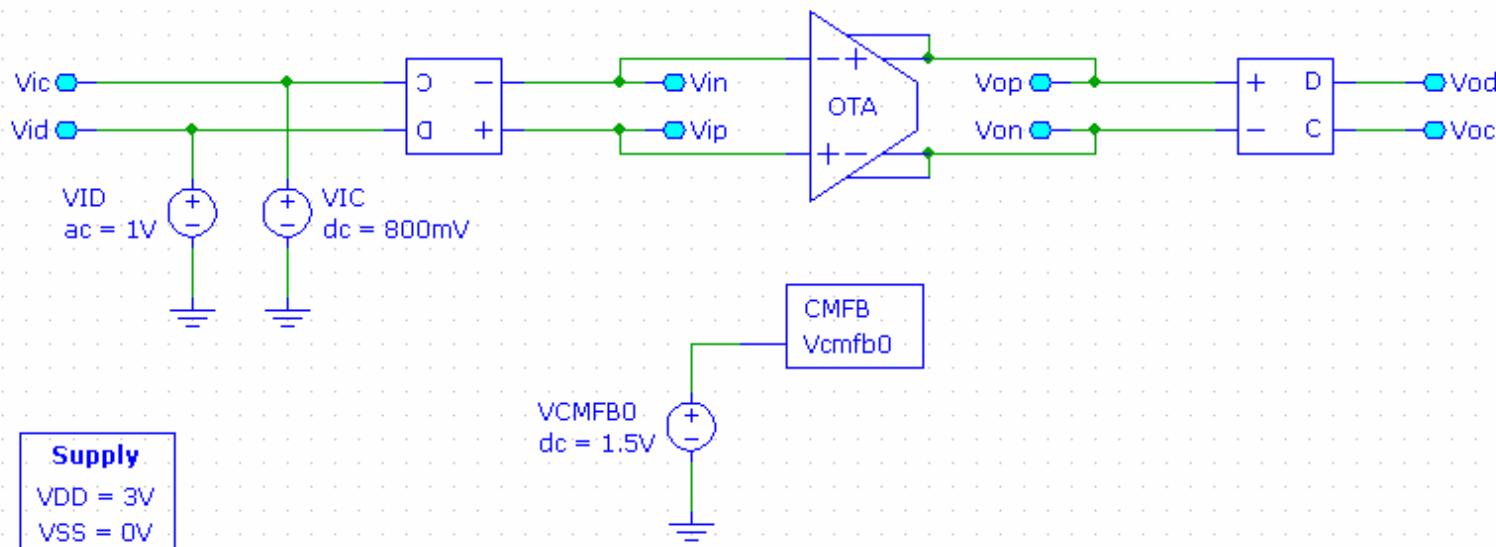
Device VID

sweep from -50m to 50m (100 steps)

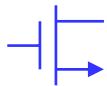
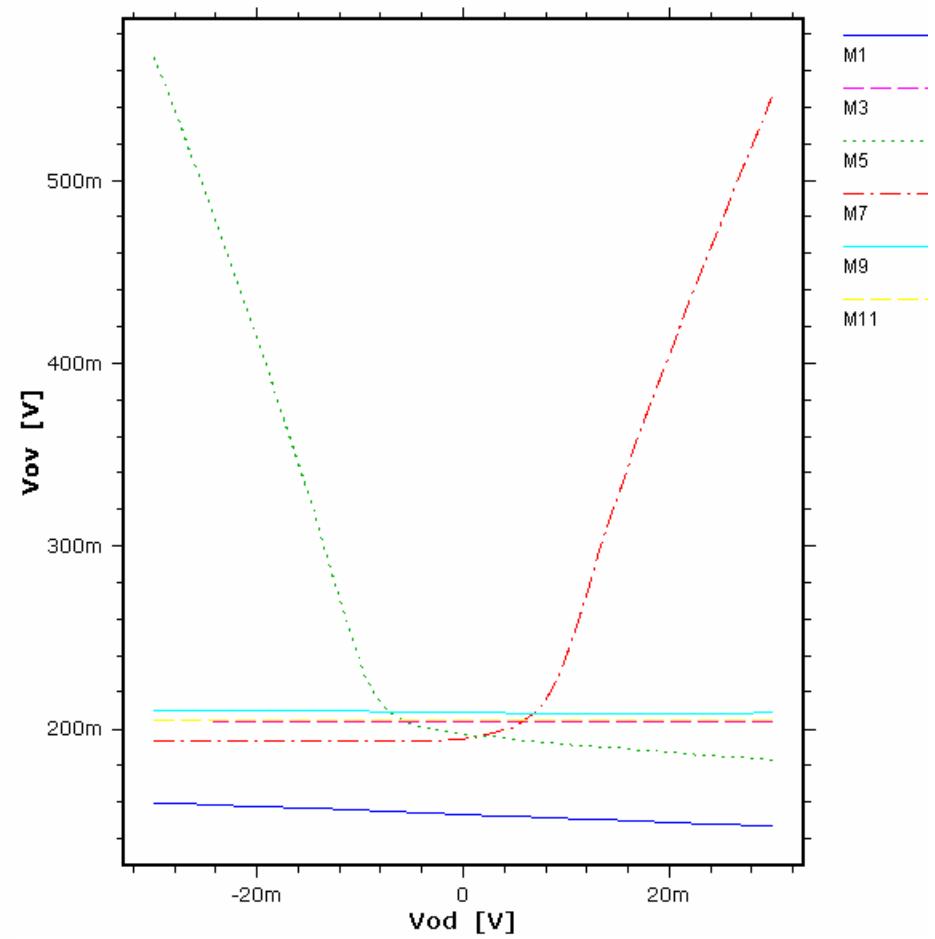
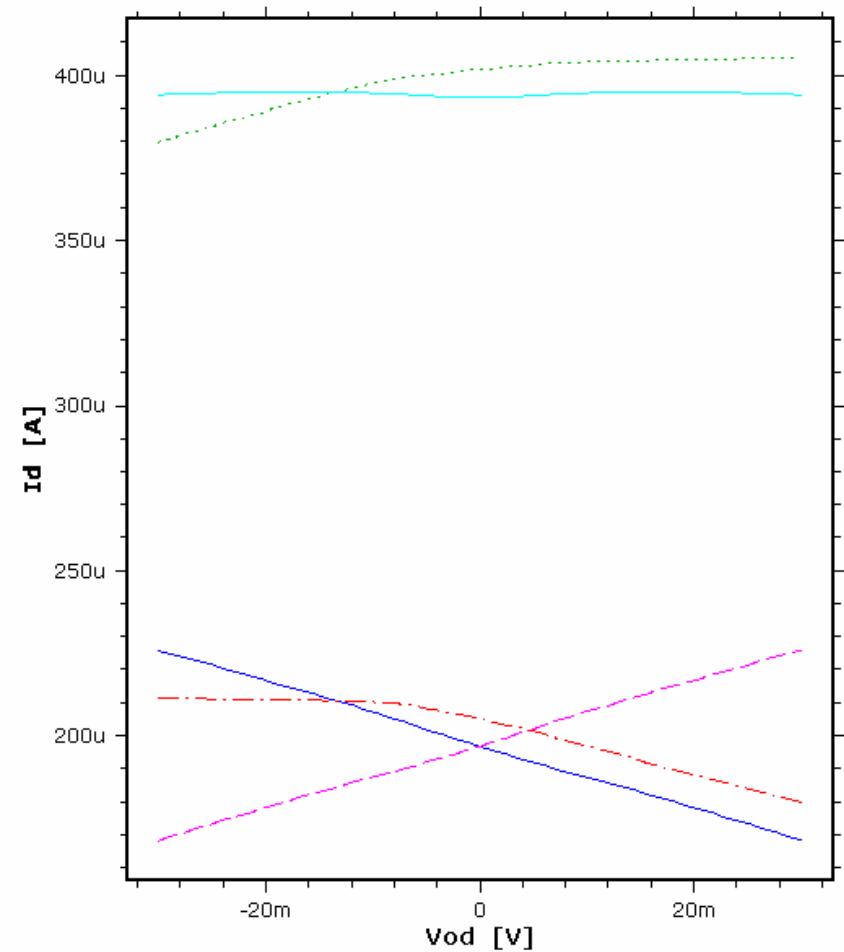
DC Analysis DC_Acm

Device VIC

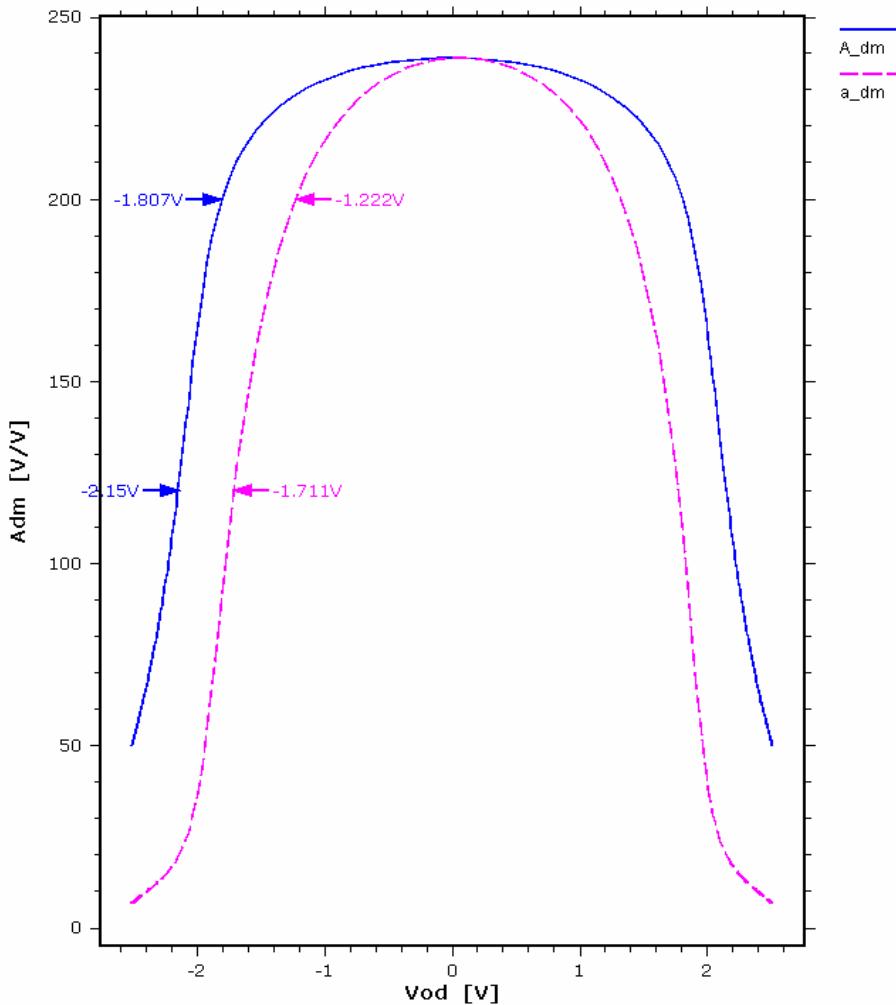
sweep from 0 to 3 (30 steps)



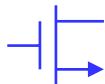
Bias ... Differential Inputs



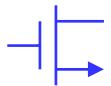
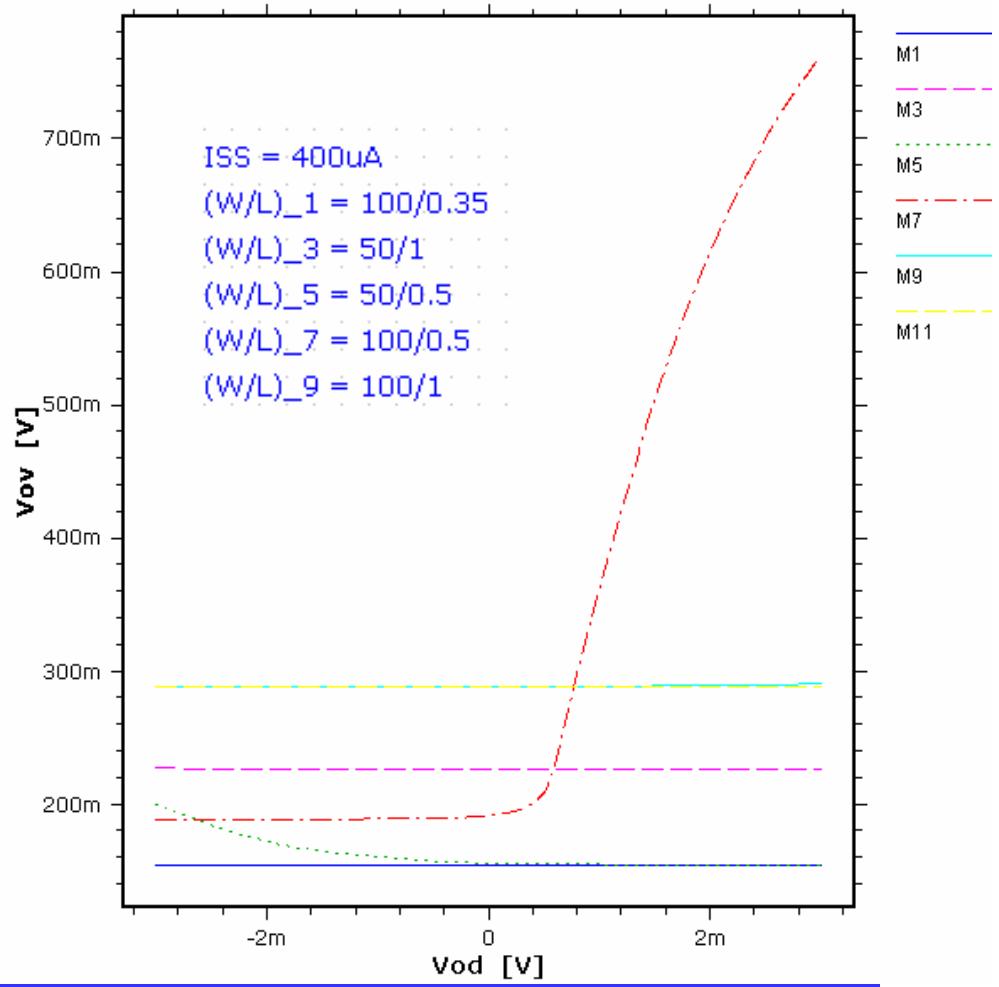
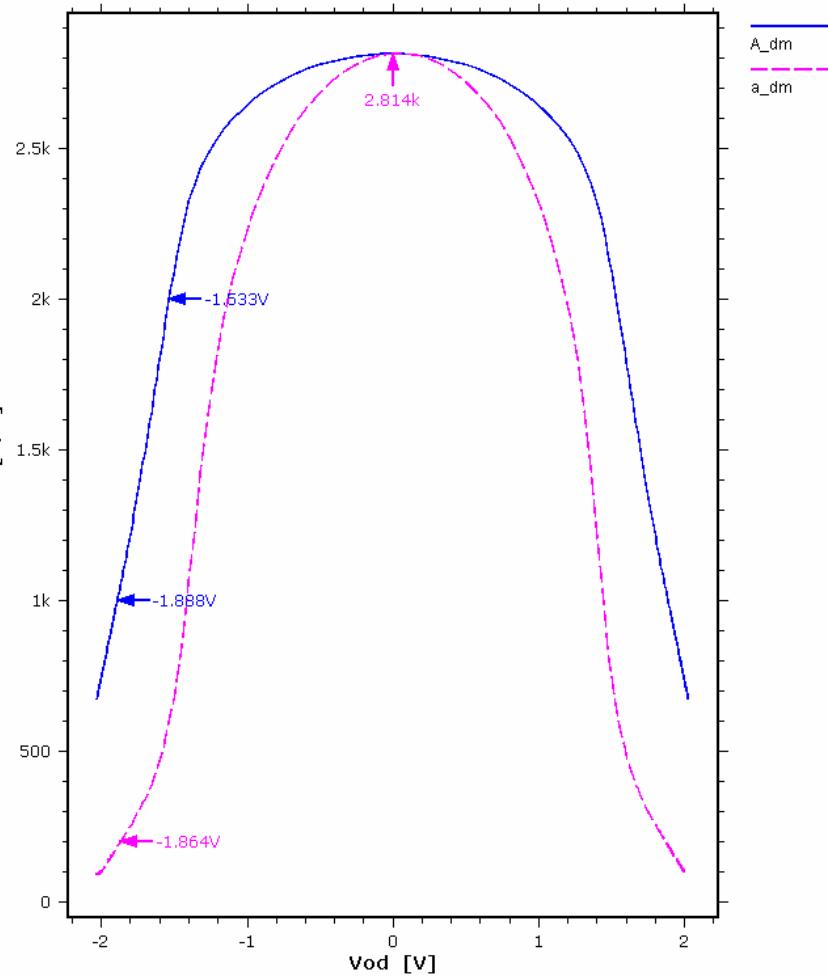
Low Frequency Gain, A_{dm}



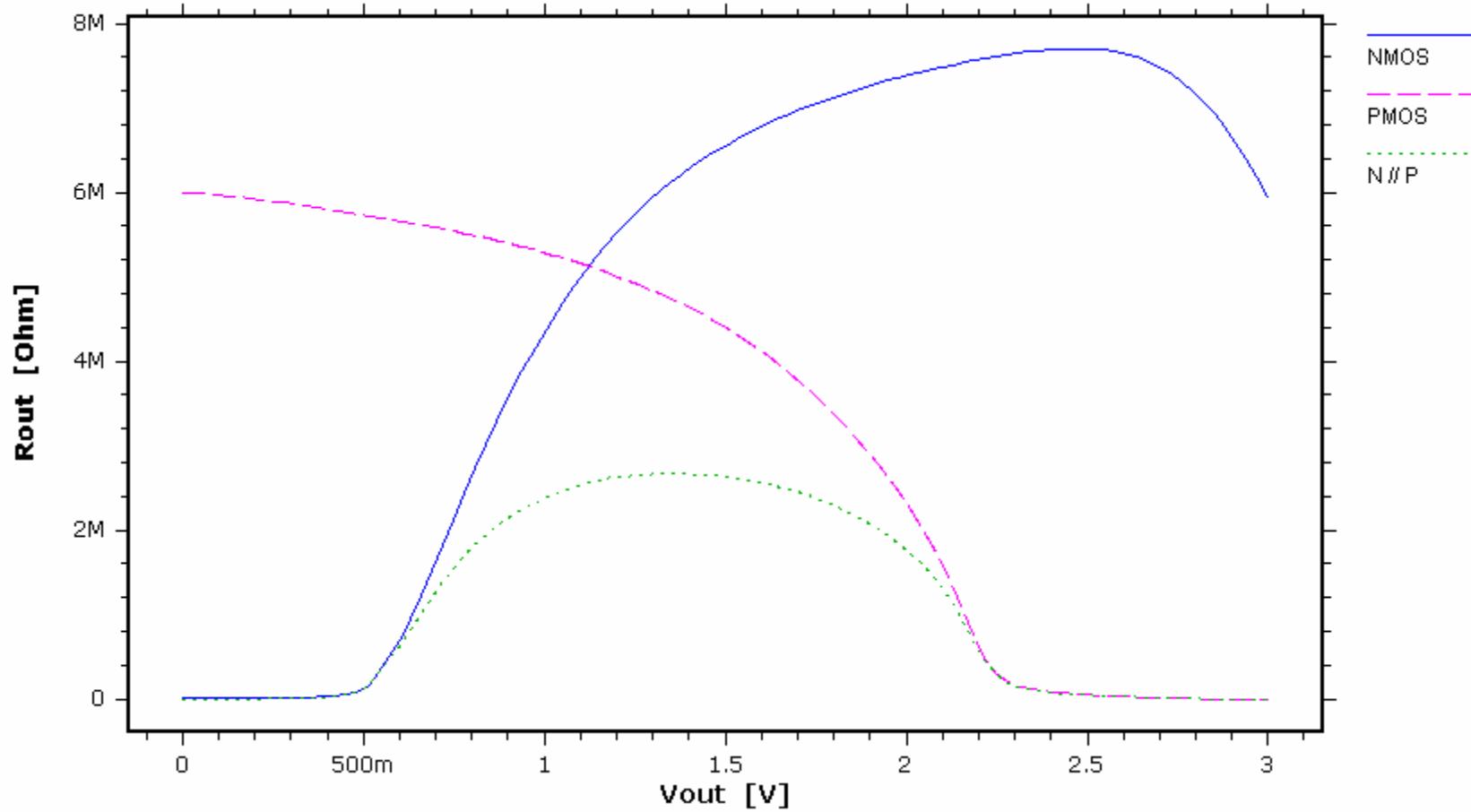
- Gain / Output Range tradeoff
 - $A_{dm}=120 \rightarrow \Delta V_{od} = 4.3V$
 - $A_{dm}=200 \rightarrow \Delta V_{od} = 3.6V$
(nominal parameter)
- Increasing A_{dm} :
 - Moderate:
 - Increase L
 - Affects V^* , phase margin
 - Substantial:
 - Double Cascode
 - Gain boosting
 - Multi-stage amplifier



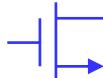
Increased A_{dm}



Output Resistance



Beware of imbalance between NMOS and PMOS current source



G_m , C_{od} Test Circuit

Folded Cascode: G_m

$I_{SS} = 400\mu A$

$(W/L)_1 = 100/0.35$

$(W/L)_3 = 50/1$

$(W/L)_5 = 50/0.5$

$(W/L)_7 = 100/0.5$

$(W/L)_9 = 100/1$

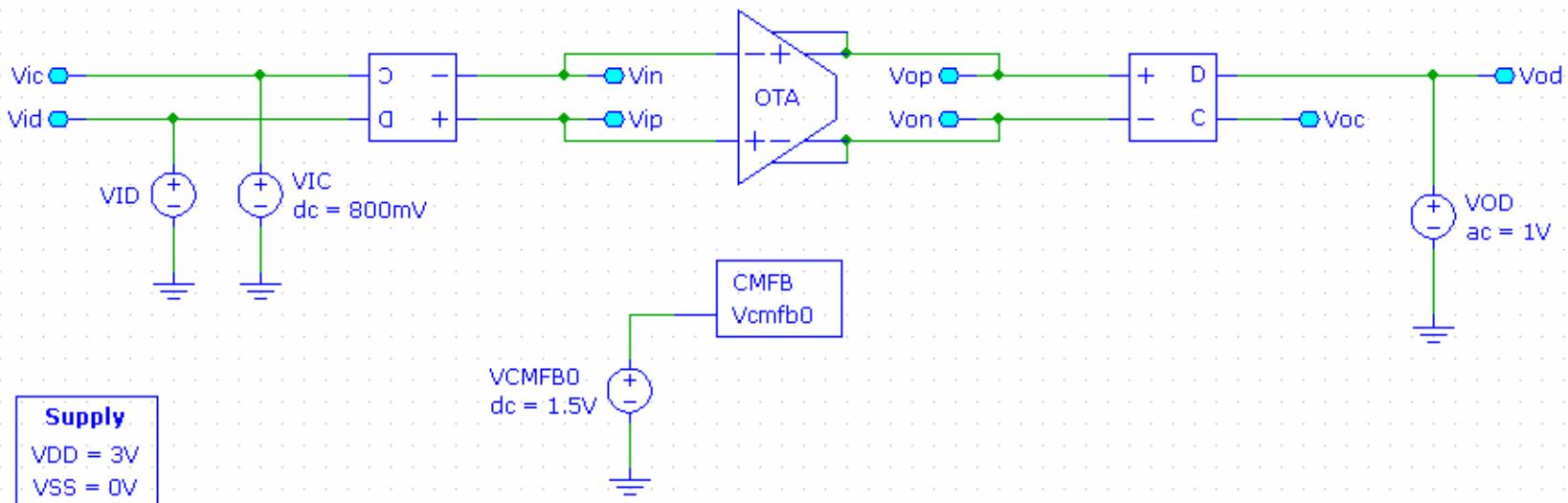
DC Analysis DC

Device VID

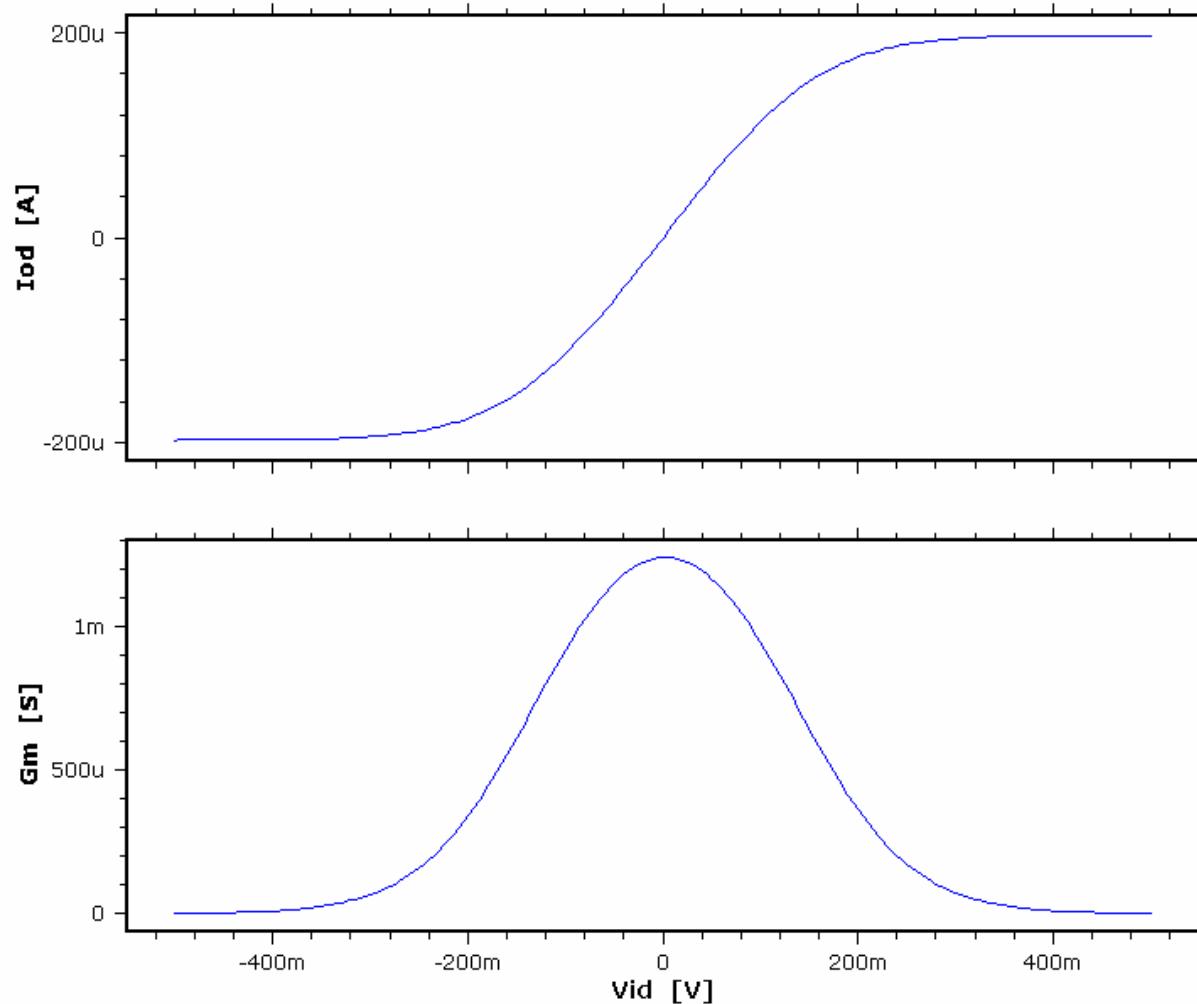
sweep from -500m to 500m (200 steps)

AC Analysis AC1

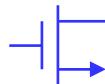
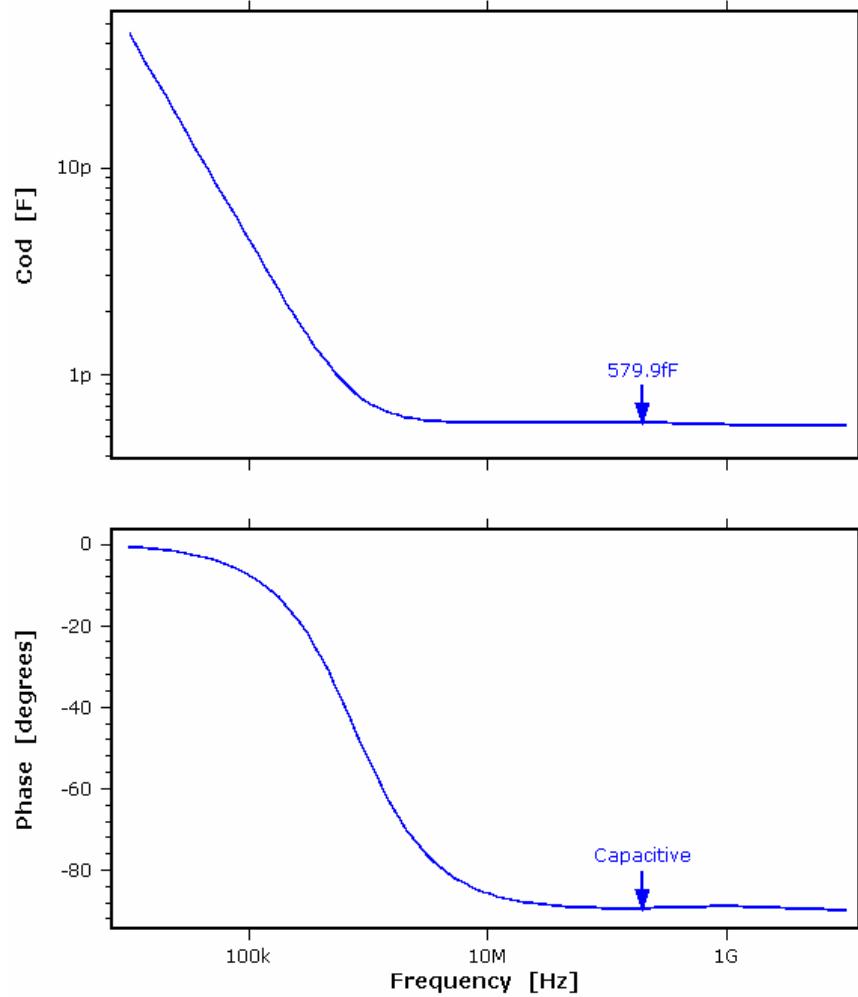
log sweep from 10k to 10G (101 steps)



Transconductance

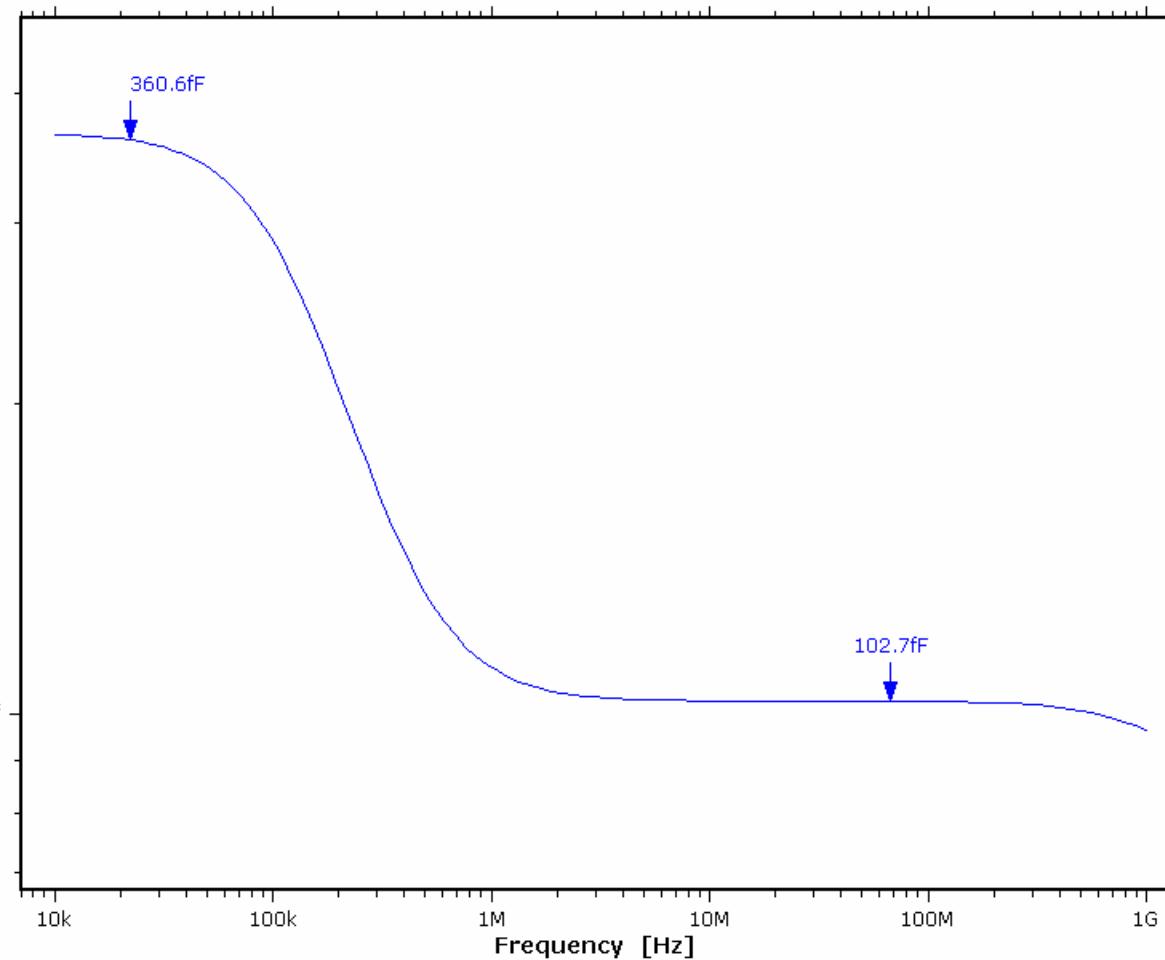


Differential Output Capacitance



Differential Input Capacitance

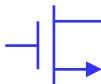
Differential Input Capacitance [F]



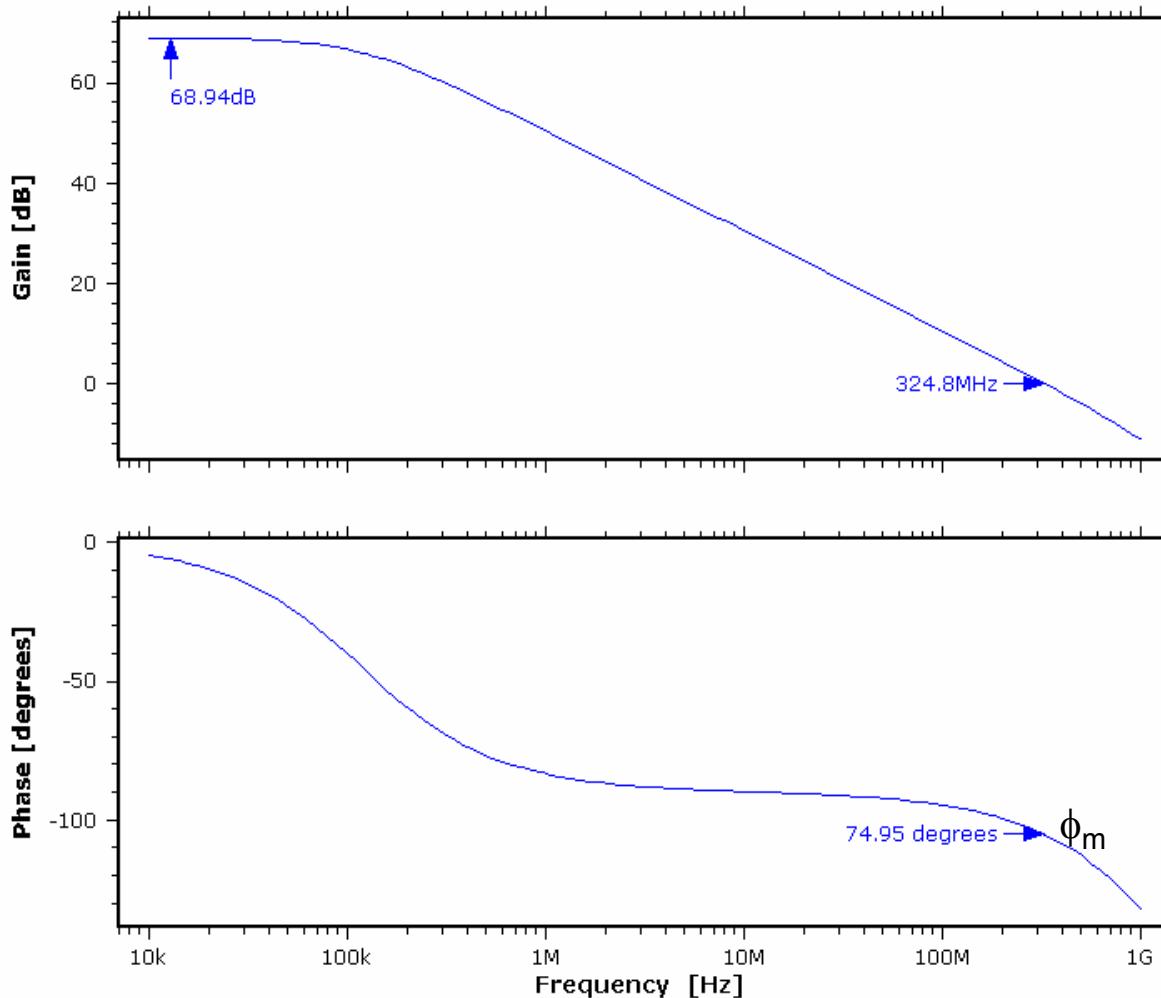
$$\begin{aligned}C_{GS1} &= \frac{2}{3} C_{ox} W L \\&= 117 \text{ fF}\end{aligned}$$

Miller effect significantly increases C_{id} at low frequency

Cascoding M1, M2 helps (at the expense of reduced input common-mode range)



Frequency Response (A_{dm})



- Bandwidth
 - Strong function of C_L
 - Increasing f_u ?
- Feedback
 - Stability
 - Phase margin
 - Increasing ϕ_m
 - Increasing C_L
increases ϕ_m in single-stage amplifier (costly)

